

ONE DEAD MAN
IN THIS WRECKJohn A. Vanderburgh Killed at
Springfield, Mass.

WHEN FREIGHTS COLLIDED

Several More Trainmen Were Injured,
But None Fatally, and Both Main
Line Tracks on Boston &
Albany Were Blocked.

Springfield, Mass., Jan. 29.—In a serious freight wreck on the Boston & Albany railroad at this place today one man was killed and the line was blocked for a long time.

The dead:

John A. Vanderburgh.

The victim of the accident was a brakeman on one of the colliding trains. He was instantly killed. Several more of the trainmen were injured, but it is thought that all of them will recover. The wreckage was strewn about so much that both main line tracks were tied up while wrecking crews put forth every effort to get the line clear.

BODIES ARRIVED.

Of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur S. Cheney
Killed in Messina Earthquake.

New York, Jan. 29.—The bodies of Arthur S. Cheney, American consul at Messina, and Mrs. Cheney who were killed in the earthquake in that city arrived at pier 13 in Brooklyn on the steamer Benicia today. The bodies were placed aboard the train and sent to New Haven, Conn.

Scant honors were paid the bodies on their arrival. There was not a government official present, and only a small police guard was present when the remains were brought to the pier.

WILL RECEIVE INCREASE.

Good News For Boston and Northern
Street Railway Employees.

Boston, Jan. 29.—Seventeen hundred employees of the Boston and Northern street railway company will receive increased wages under the decision, announced last night, of the arbitrators appointed some time ago to adjust the differences between the company and its employees.

Under the new scale, which will go into effect on Jan. 31 and remain in operation until Oct. 1, 1910, the men will receive 21 cents per hour during the first year of employment, 22 cents for the second year, 23 cents for the next three years, 24 cents for the next two and 25 cents thereafter. Under the old scale the wages ranged from 20 to 25 cents and the increases were not so frequent.

The same arbitrators have under consideration a dispute between the Old Colony street railway company and its 1,300 employees over the wage schedule.

CARNATION DAY.

Many of The Flowers Were Seen in
Washington Today.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—This city is very gay with pink and white carnations worn by the president, the cabinet, senators and congressmen in honor of President McKinley's birthday. Carnations were always worn by the organization of the Carnation League of America. It established the practice of wearing the flower on the anniversary of McKinley's birth.

TO BE COMPLAINANT.

Roosevelt's Brother-in-law to Prosecute
Several Newspapers.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—Douglas Robinson, President Roosevelt's brother-in-law, has definitely decided that he will be the complainant in the proposed prosecution of the New York World and other papers for libel in connection with the Panama canal charges. This announcement was made at the White House.

TAFT'S GOLF CLUBS.

Arrived in Washington Today, Badly
Hacked and Showing Wear.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—The first contingent of President-elect Taft's personal effects arrived today in the shape of two bags of golf sticks badly hacked and showing much wear. They were sent North when the party sailed for Panama.

A COMMANDING FIGURE

Because of His Height of Six Feet, 11 1/2
Inches.

Boston, Jan. 29.—Capt. John H. Elliott, for over fifty years connected with the Boston fire department and one of the most notable figures in the service, died yesterday at his home in East Boston. He was born in Ware, N. H., Sept. 4, 1837, and came to Boston when a boy. Captain Elliott had the most commanding figure in the Boston fire department, standing 6 feet, 11 1/2 inches tall. On account of heart trouble, he was retired on a half pay in 1903.

CAUSED IMMENSE LOSS.

Fire in Famous Suto Tunnel at Virginia
City, Nev.

Virginia City, Nev., Jan. 29.—A fire in the Suto \$4,000,000 tunnel of the famous Comstock mine, which was controlled early to-day, caused an immense damage. Eighteen miners were overcome, but none of them will die.

GOMPERS WILLING

To Surrender Pound of Flesh Without a
Yellow Streak in It.

New York, Jan. 29.—"As good men have been in jail as any of the three of us. If they want their pound of flesh, they may have it, but they'll find no yellow streak in it."

President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor told the Ethical Social League this at a meeting last night at the East Side Parish church hall and the audience cheered. Mr. Gompers' subject was "Trade Unions and Social Progress," but the greater part of the speech was a defense of the boycott and a guarded arraignment of the court that recently sentenced him to a year in jail.

"In regard to strikes and the boycott, I don't like strikes, but a dog that can bite is safe from many a kick. There is no power like a well organized union to prevent strikes."

"I don't like to boycott. There is not a man, woman or child towards whom I have ill-will, but there are some whom I deal with, some to whom I prefer to give my trade rather than to others. When two people agree to do this, it is a boycott. Our forefathers would not buy English tea or buy from those who bought it—talk about secondary boycotts! They tell us the boycott is a foreign invention. It's not! It's revolutionary American. From Adam's time it has been a natural weapon of mankind, for a court to throw itself into a spasm because the word is not euphonious is almost incomprehensible to rational beings."

"What property right has any concern in your patronage? You can transfer it or take it anywhere you please. Call that process 'boycott' or what you please, it is an inherent right of man and we're going to stand for that right."

"I have said and hope to repeat again and again," continued the speaker impressively, "that when it comes to a choice between obeying a court order that infringes the constitution, I have no hesitation in upholding the constitutional guarantee. Freedom of speech and of the press is a natural right. We shall continue to uphold that right and if some men have to bear the consequences, there are others."

BLEW UP STORE

WHEN REFUSED CASH

One Man Was Killed and Eleven Men
Were Wounded in Baku, Russia.

Result of Bomb Explosion.

Baku, Russia, Jan. 29.—One man was killed and eleven were injured today by a bomb explosion which destroyed the shop of one of the richest merchants in the city. A group of anarchists demanded ten thousand roubles when they were refused the cash, and then they blew up the shop, making good the threat later. It is believed that the police are on the track and will break up any other powerful revolutionary organization.

GET AWAY WITH GAME.

Unknown Persons Illegally Kill a Deer
Near Brattleboro.

Brattleboro, Jan. 29.—County Fish and Game Commissioner Roswell L. Frost of Brattleboro, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Myron P. Davis, searched in Dummerston yesterday afternoon for persons suspected for having killed a deer illegally and found that the suspected persons left the town earlier in the day. Shooting near John Lindsey's farm was heard Sunday and the next day Mr. Lindsey found a deer's carcass and a trail of blood where the deer had been dragged in the snow to a wood road and there loaded into a sleigh. Suspicion was directed to some foreigners, but Mr. Frost was unable to find them.

The body of a doe with the hindquarters missing by the president, the cabinet, senators and congressmen in honor of President McKinley's birthday. Carnations were always worn by the organization of the Carnation League of America. It established the practice of wearing the flower on the anniversary of McKinley's birth.

TAFT AT COLON.

His Vessel Anchored Off That Port at
Noon To-day.

Colon, Panama, Jan. 29.—The cruiser North Carolina with President-elect Taft aboard anchored here at noon to-day. Colonel Goethals and other high officials of the canal zone came over from the Panama side to greet Taft.

CHELSEA.

Thomas G. Dearborn and family of South Royalton were in town Sunday and were guests of Mr. Dearborn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Dearborn.

Ernest, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilmarth H. Leach, is convalescing from a very severe attack of grippe from which he has been suffering for about two weeks.

Dexter Larkin, who recently sold his farm on the east hill to parties from Northern New York, has purchased a small place in Tunbridge where he will move in the spring.

H. H. Adams, Jr., left for Boston, Mass., Tuesday afternoon to attend the public sales of horses in that city and Lowell, with the view of purchasing a large number of horses for his constantly increasing trade.

All the schools in town closed their winter term last week, the primary and intermediate rooms of the graded school joined in closing exercises which were public and were largely attended by parents and friends of the school.

Dr. W. H. Hill was the only member of George Washington Lodge, F. and A. M., who attended the district meeting at Brookfield Tuesday afternoon and evening. He was accompanied on the trip by Walter W. Colby, of Minerva lodge of Corinth and George E. Stacy of Vershire, representing Jackson lodge of West Fairlee.

Orville W. Baker and wife were in Sharon Saturday and Sunday, as guests of our former townspeople, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Case, who purchased a farm there a few months since.

At the New England Fruit Store. Nice sweet oranges, 18 for 25 cents. Fine eating apples at various prices. Fancy tangerines, 16 for 25 cents. Grape fruit, 10 cents each. Saturday only, our regular fresh line of thirty-cent chocolates, 20 cents a pound. Same kind as sold last week.

LAW-MAKERS
GO HOMEAfter the Longest Session on
Record in Vermont

WORK CLOSED AT 5 A. M.

Tax Measure Failed, But the Bill Raising
Salaries of Members Passed and
Became a Law—Incidents of
the Close.

State House, Jan. 29.

The longest legislative session in the history of Vermont closed during the midnight hours this morning, having out-run the longest previous session, which was two years ago, by twenty days. The two branches stayed in session all night and disposed of the measures still hanging fire.

The Senate passed the salary increase for the members of the general assembly and it was signed by the governor, being messaged to the House shortly before 4 o'clock. State Treasurer E. H. Devitt then entertained during the early hours of the morning, paying off installments of \$120 and \$75 had been paid most of the members and so the balance due was \$173. The increased pay will mean about \$30,000 more that the state will have to pay out. One of the last things the House did was to kill beyond any hope of resurrection all bills tending toward taxation reform by refusing to accept the report of the committee on conference recommending a tax commission bill and a flat rate of five mills on intangibles.

It looked for a time as though there would be a law allowing the interchange of mileage books on the railroads of this state for the bill which passed the House several days ago passed the Senate. The vote was reconsidered, however, and the Senate went into a committee of the whole, received the opinion of the attorney general that the law would be unconstitutional and then killed the bill. The direct inheritance tax that passed the House was amended in the Senate that the only effect of the bill is to make the present law on inheritance taxes a little more firm.

During the intermissions the House enjoyed singing by a bunch of boys from the city and a special treat from Master Fred Goodwin, one of the pages of the House, and his sister, who sang together "Red Wing" and other selections. They were accorded hearty applause and a collection taken resulted in a sum of over \$15. Later in the evening F. L. Fish of Vergennes took the chair and rendered several dialect selections, which were warmly received. He called on several members to recite and they all took hold with a spirit that helped to wear away the weary hours. Conspicuous among the reciters was Mr. Beemis of Lyndon, who told about a profane man with a dialect, who shot a bear. Among some of the others who contributed to the vaudeville performance were Mr. Daniels of East Montpelier, Mr. Adams of Marlboro, Mr. Untiedt, Mr. Piper of Jamaica, H. L. Hindley, J. A. DeBoer, H. E. Sturges, Mr. Dowd of Woodford, Jim Kendall of Strafford, Senator Plim, Senator Scott, Mr. Fenton, E. A. Nutt, C. A. Plimley and others. The larger part of the orations were delivered from the top of the reporters' table.

Investigation of Expenses.

The Senate indulged in considerable oratory about 4 o'clock this morning in an attempt to get through the resolution providing for a commission of three to investigate the expenses in the various departments of the state. It did pass the Senate, but it was killed in the House. Mr. Fletcher said he didn't know what it was for, unless to provide employment for disappointed aspirants for the tax commission. He termed it a rose in full bloom from Brattleboro. Mr. Daniels of East Montpelier favored it and Mr. Hitchcock and Mr. Fish opposed.

Governor Vetoes a Bill.

The governor's veto of H. 171, appropriating \$12,500 to aid the town of Jamaica came into the House about 3:15 o'clock and occasioned a long debate. The ground on which the governor vetoed the bill was that it was unconstitutional, and he mentioned the opinion of Attorney General Sargent. The opinion stated that taxation was a mode of raising money for the support of the government and that in effect the appropriation was a gift to the town of Jamaica.

Mr. Divoll of Rockingham favored the passage of the bill over the governor's veto, as he said a majority of the members of both houses had expressed themselves earlier in the session as favoring aiding this town, that needed relief as much as any town in the state. He thought it was not right to dispose of the question by a veto in the last day of the session. He read an act passed by the legislature two years ago appropriating a sum of money to Landgrove, and he said Governor Proctor had signed that bill all right.

Mr. Fish of Vergennes said that he had no desire to embarrass the governor and he didn't believe it would be discourteous for the House to pass the bill over the veto if there was a difference of opinion as to the constitutionality. He said that lawyers were disagreed on the question and he suggested that the bill might be passed and the constitutionality passed upon by the supreme court. He thought the state appropriated its school and highway taxes for public use.

Mr. Leary of Burlington queried the gentleman from Jamaica as to how the debt was occasioned. Mr. Wheeler explained that a part of it was the Civil war debt and that in 1889 the town bonded to get the railroad through. Later the state took the railroad property at Brookfield Tuesday afternoon and this reduced the grand list \$350. The town now had a heavy debt and paid \$4.02 on the dollar of the grand list. The grand list was decreasing. Mr. Hitchcock did not propose to dis-

cuss the merits of the question as to the constitutionality, but said that he was opposed to the establishment of the policy of the state in coming to the aid of these decadent towns. He said Jamaica was not the only town in debt and twelve are paying an average tax of over \$2.00. Was it right to tax the overburdened town of Walden struggling to live down its debts to aid another town in debt? Belvidere and Woodford were in the same box. Mr. Barber favored passing the bill.

Mr. Leary of Burlington was opposed to passing the bill over the opinion of the attorney general, who had looked the question over carefully. He said that the state could use some of the other acts which it had passed of a similar nature for a test case in the courts. Mr. DeBoer of Montpelier believed that the members should vote according to their oaths to uphold the constitution. There was a question about the constitutionality and no one had taken occasion to take issue by argument with the opinion of the attorney general. A roll call was then taken on the question of the passage of the bill in spite of the non-concurrence of the governor. The House supported the governor, refusing to pass the bill over his head by a vote of 91 to 107.

After a debate the House read for a third time and passed H. 507, an inheritance tax bill, coming from the committee on ways and means. It provides for a tax of 5 per cent. on property coming to a person from other sources than direct relatives and a tax on property received from a direct descendant, father, mother, wife or lineal descendant of one per cent. over \$10,000, 1 1/2 per cent. between \$10,000 and \$20,000 and 2 per cent. exceeding \$20,000. Mr. Fletcher of Cavendish defended the bill.

Cheney and Plimley Honored.

Late Wednesday afternoon the members of the House presented Speaker Cheney a purse of silver as a token of regard and Clerk Charles A. Plimley with a gold watch chain with locket charm containing his name and the name of the donor, the House of Representatives. Mr. Daniels of East Montpelier made the speech presenting the gift to Speaker Cheney and Mr. Cook of Danby presented the chain to the clerk. When the responses had been made there were few dry eyes in the Hall.

Mr. Daniels said that he arose to a question of personal privilege and then in behalf of himself and the other members expressed his deep regard for Speaker Cheney and his accomplishments. He said that he wished the gift to serve as a marker, or mile stone, upon which the speaker might look as a point in his career. In closing he quoted from Daniel Webster's speech at the dedication of the Washington monument to illustrate the feeling that prompted the erection of the marker to the regard of the members for the speaker. He said that he was conscious of a feeling of friendship, good will and affection toward him. No gift could have meant more to him than the one bestowed upon him when he was elected four months before and this expression of regard at the close of his 19 years' work in the House would treasure greatly. He thanked the members for their courtesy toward him and said that he believed they had worked hard and honestly to the best of their ability to bring about good legislation. He said that the forestry legislation would be far-reaching and the action of the legislature with regard to tuberculosis in placing more power in the hands of the cattle commissioner. He regretted that nothing up to that time had been done on taxation. The arguments might pave the way for a future legislature.

Mr. Cook made a splendid presentation speech, in which he called the popular clerk by his name, for he is known simply as "Charlie." He said that he had wished of every member and that all through the sessions there had been evidence of a master hand at the desk. He predicted a future for the clerk and that this little remembrance he could look back upon with pleasure. The chain had many links, as many as the members of the House, and as many hearts were linked in this expression of regard. Mr. Plimley was deeply affected and could not speak at first but his simple expression of thanks was effective. He said that he didn't need any further expression of good will than had already been given him. After the presentations nearly all the members came to shake hands with Mr. and Mrs. Cheney and Mr. Plimley.

The Last Tax Bill Debate.

The House commenced the wrestle with the tax question about 8 o'clock in the form of the report from the conference committee, which recommended a tax commissioner, a flat rate of five mills on intangibles, and no allowance of offsets on debts contracted within three months of April 1. Mr. Bacon said that the members of the conference committee had entered their duty with fear and trembling and that they realized concessions must be made. He said that in passing the flat rate bill of five (5) mills, it meant a deficit in the state's revenue from taxes received from savings banks at the rate of seven mills. He stated, however, that the deposits had been increasing at a rapid rate for some years and the increase might be great enough to reduce the deficit. In Massachusetts the rate was five mills. He believed it was the same in New York. He said the rate of interest in Vermont paid by banks had reached 4 per cent. The banks could hardly afford it. He said the passage of the bill in his opinion might mean a deficit in the revenue of the state of \$125,000 a year. They might authorize the state treasurer to borrow an amount to make up the deficit and then face it and meet it as the state saw fit if the new law proved inefficient. At least it was impossible to tell exactly what the effect of the law would be but it was a step and he was ready to try the experiment and attempt to do something in the direction of tax reform.

Mr. Fish related his experiences on the various tax committees. He said that the lowering of the rate of tax interest of savings banks helped the people who deposited money, because the banks could better afford to pay a substantial rate of interest. He said that while there might be a deficit of \$125,000, the deposits in the banks might increase. They had increased since 1900 so that the banks paid taxes of \$402,000 instead of \$268,000. He said the direct inheritance tax bill passed by the House in the afternoon might result in enough to make good the deficit. It was an experiment. Continued on fourth page.

TWO WOMEN
SUSPENDEDWere Nurses in the Burbank
Hospital at Fitchburg

AFTER AN INVESTIGATION

On the Charge That Patients in the Institution Were Doped with Mor-
phine or Other Drugs—Sensa-
tional Case.

Fitchburg, Mass., Jan. 29.—As the result of an investigation conducted by the executive committee of the Burbank hospital concerning the report of the alleged dopping of patients with morphine or with other drugs by the nurses of that institution, Miss Caroline M. Miller and Miss Claire Lemay who were employed in the hospital have been suspended by Dr. George P. Norton. This action has tended to confirm the declaration of Mrs. A. I. Cote that her mother was drugged to death at the Burbank hospital.

LEGISLATURE CHEERS ROOT.

New York's New Senator Against
Popular Election of Senators.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Elihu Root, senator-elect from New York, addressed the legislature in joint session yesterday, and was heartily cheered by the members and those in the galleries. Mr. Root took a stand against the popular election of senators on the ground that a diminution of the power of the legislature tended to deteriorate the quality of the membership.

He said in part: "The tendency of vesting all powers in the central government at Washington is to produce the decadence of the powers of the states. Now do not misunderstand me. I am a convinced and uncompromising nationalist of the school of Alexander Hamilton. I believe in the exercise of the executive, the legislative and the judicial powers of the national government to the full limit of the constitutional grants as those grants were construed by John Marshall, and would be construed by him today. But I believe that the founders of the republic builded more wisely than they knew when they set the limits between the exercise of that national power and the exercise of the local powers by the states. And while I believe in the exercise of the national power throughout the province of the constitutional grants of national power I believe also in the preservation of state power within the limits of its constitutional authority."

"I am opposed to the direct election of senators as I am opposed to the initiative and referendum," added Mr. Root, "because these things are based on the idea that the people cannot elect legislators whom they trust. They proceed upon the idea of abandoning the attempt to elect trustworthy and competent state legislatures. But if you abandon that attempt, if you begin to legislate or to amend constitutions upon that theory, what becomes of all the other vast powers of the state legislatures, in maintaining the system of local self-government under the constitution?"

OFFICERS NOT ELECTED.

There Were Not Enough Red Cross
Members Present.

Brattleboro, Jan. 29.—The annual meeting of Vermont Branch, American National Red Cross, was held at the Van Ness house yesterday afternoon. Owing to the small attendance, the election of officers was deferred to a future meeting. This meeting will be called soon by the president, Dr. H. D. Holton of Brattleboro.

The treasurer of Vermont Branch, C. L. Alexander of this city, reported the receipts for the year from all sources to be \$58.81, which with cash on hand at the end of the year 1907, \$37.35, makes a total of \$146.16. Of this amount, \$43.31 deducted for relief leaves a cash balance of \$102.85 in the treasury. This does not include the amount received from the sale of 27,394 Red Cross Christmas stamps, that number representing sales from towns and cities other than Vergennes and Montpelier which have not yet been heard from. The Italian relief fund has reached a total of \$643.35.

A campaign will be waged in the state in an effort to increase the membership from 58, as it stands, at present, to 1,000.

NATIONAL GUARD ORDERS.

Drs. G. R. Anderson and John H. Dadds
Made Surgeons.

Adj.-Gen. W. H. Gilmore has issued special orders containing the following announcements: The acceptance of the resignation of Maj. George C. Berkeley, as surgeon of the First Regiment of Infantry, Vermont National Guard, and placing him on the retired list; the appointment of Dr. George R. Anderson, of Brattleboro, as major and surgeon, and Dr. John H. Dadds, of Burlington, as captain and surgeon; an election to be held at Bennington February 2 to fill a vacancy in the office of second lieutenant in Company K, caused by the resignation of Roy C. Johnson; an election to be held at Brattleboro February 4, to fill a vacancy in the office of second lieutenant in Company I, caused by the resignation of Richard T. Corey.

GRANITEVILLE.

The fair committee of Court Rob. B. No. 6, P. of A., are to meet at L. O. O. E. M. U. of A. hall, Monday evening, Feb. 1. Every member should be present. Per order Sec.

A FEW MEMBERS
WOULDN'T TAKE \$4.00Speaker Cheney Refused Balance of \$184
—Governor Prouty Left Montpelier
For His Home in Newport
To-day.

Seven of the legislators felt compunctions about receiving a raise from \$3 to \$4 per day, as the majority for the present session as well as for those in the future, and they refused to accept the balance which would have been coming to them. Among the number was Speaker Cheney, who had stated on the floor of the House that he would not take more than the \$6 per day which was originally paid the speaker of the House. When he left for his home this noon, he left \$184 in good money in the state treasury which might have been his if he had so directed.

Representative Adams of Marlboro was another member who felt the same about the matter, and he left \$92 with Treasurer Devitt. The other five requested that their names be not made public, as they did not wish to have the publicity. It is understood that Senator Biles of Washington county will take his balance over and above \$3 per day and turn it into the treasury of the town of Calais where he lives.

The total cost of the legislature in salaries was \$135,000, of which Treasurer Devitt disbursed \$127,500, and Auditor Graham the remainder among the State House officials and attaches.

MOTHER OF FIVE

Writes in Regard to Manual Training
and Playground.

Editor, Daily Times: Please allow me a small space in your paper in reply to superintendent of schools and also commissioners, as to having a manual training school in this city. I think it would be one of the best things the city could do in the line of education, and hope every citizen will favor it, as the child's education is not complete without it (by all means let us have the manual training school.)

In regards to a public playground, the children of Barre are not suffering in that line, with the exception of a short time before school hours. Why not let the children have the pleasure of the school grounds for that short time? My opinion is the grounds ought to be for the children, just as the building is. It is wise for the city of Barre to put itself to any further expense in this line. The old saying is, "Look twice before you leap." Who do these grounds belong to? The officials or the citizens? From one who is interested in this line, Mother of Five.

JURY ASKED CLEMENCY.

After Bringing in a Verdict of Guilty
in Murder Trial.

Gloverville, N. Y., Jan. 29.—The jury in the case of Albert Billington of Palestine, charged with murder in the first degree in having murdered his son, William Billington, which has been on trial before Judge Moore in Montgomery county court at Rome, returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the second degree at 11:50 o'clock last night, with a recommendation for mercy. Motion for a new trial was denied.

The elder Billington fatally stabbed his son as the result of a drunken row which began in Fort Plain yesterday afternoon when it was held at Wagner Hollow, a small hamlet in Montgomery county. The accused claimed he acted in self-defense.

EXPLAINS POOR GAME.

President of Co. D Basket Ball Team
Hopes to Show 'Em Better Sport.

John D. Rickarty of Graniteville, president of the Company D basket ball team, has written an open letter to the newspaper in Montpelier explaining the poor showing of his professional basket ball team when it was defeated by the Lauter athletic club in the Montpelier armory Wednesday night. He says that the team was in very poor physical shape from having just played four hard games, that Matthews, the captain, was out of the game, and Wright got disabled. President Rickarty stated that he was extremely pleased with the splendid attendance at the game Wednesday night and was sorry that the game should not have panned out better. He hoped, however, to show the fans that Co. D was not a team of quitters and for that purpose should try to arrange another game.

ANOTHER FOR LAUTER A. C.

Co. D of St. Johnsbury Besten, 36 to
20, at Littleton.

Littleton, N. H., Jan. 29.—The Lauter A. C. of New England clinched its claim on the basketball championship last night by winning from Co. D of St. Johnsbury, 36 to 20. The summary: Lauter A. C. Co. D. Patrick, r. f. 10 b. C. Wright Martin, l. f. 10 b. Kruger Riggins, c. 10 b. Brennan Gallahan, r. b. 10 b. Mollohan W. Wright, l. b. 10 b. Corbett. Score, Lauter A. C. 36, Co. D 20. Goals from floor, Gallahan, Corbett, Mollohan, C. Wright, Martin 3, Big game 4, W. Wright 6. Points on fouls, Co. D 12, Lauter 8. Referee, Gunn. Scorer, Langley. Time, Brown. Time, 15 min periods. Attendance 850.

TALK OF THE TOWN.

All Savatians and friends are invited to a cottage meeting to-night, at the home of Mr. Blaisdell on Washington street, at 7:30 o'clock.

Visit "Tony" at the Vermont Fruit Store, where you can get bananas, 20 to 30 cents a dozen. Grape fruit, four for 25 cents, three for 25 cents, and two for 25c. Apples, grapes, oranges are very cheap. Dates four pounds for 25c. The Calumets of this city defeated the Calumets of Montpelier in Buzzell's alley last evening, four out of five strings. Walsh of the Calumets bowled the highest single string total of the season, his score being 232. His five string total for the five strings was 1,044.

LIBERAL
PATRONAGEAt Hospital Ball, Held Last
Evening

AND A GOOD TIME FOR ALL

One of the Best Orchestra Concerts Ever
Given in Barre Preceded the Grand
March—Dancing Was Enjoyed
Till Early This Morning.

The second annual hospital benefit concert and ball given by the Ladies' Aid of the Barre City hospital under the management of the Barre Firemen's Club dance committee in Woodmen's hall last evening, will go down as one of the most enjoyable gatherings of the winter season in Barre, and not only was it a pleasure to the 100 couples who were in attendance, but its success was most gratifying to those who had the occasion in charge.

Symbolical of the object for which the ball was given, the Red Cross colors were very effectively used in decorating the orchestra platform and the front of the hall. On the wall back of the platform was hung a large banner of the Red Cross society, while 'way across the ceiling above the front of the stage were pedestals draped in white, on the top of which were electric lights on the globes of which were the figures, "1909." Also palm leaves, ferns and flowers were used in the setting. At the right of the stage beneath a red and white canopy was the punch bowl, tended by the Misses Madeline Williams and Marguerite Brown.

A notable feature in the evening's entertainment was the concert given by Gilbertson's orchestra, previously called the dancing. The orchestra, which consisted of ten pieces, was augmented by three artists from out of the city, and the program was by far the best heard here at an occasion of the kind in a long while. The trombone solo by Mr. Jarvis, the clarinet solo by W. E. Dufur, and the piccolo solo by Mr. Bond, all received high praise on all sides and stamped the players as artists of marked ability. The three selections by the full orchestra were beautifully played and were listened to with great attention by the audience.

The members of the orchestra were: George E. White, first violin and leader; James Ritty, second violin; Roy Bugbee, cello; Michael Robinson of New Bedford, Mass., bass; Miss Bessie Spear, piano; W. J. Gilbertson, cornet; W. E. Dufur, clarinet; J. H. Bond of Manchester, N. H., flute; E. F. Jarvis of Manchester, N. H., trombone; S. N. Parker, drums. The following is the program as rendered: Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor," Nicolai, orchestra; trombone solo, "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" (in variations), Mr. Jarvis; orchestra, "American Fantasy," Victor Herbert; clarinet solo, "Grand Fantasy," Kroeppel, Mr. Dufur; piccolo solo, "Polka Caprice," Aug. Damm, Mr. Bond; orchestra, "March to Dance," Weber.

The concert over, the grand march was then started, led by Floor Director C. O. Averill and Miss Margaret Henry, matron of the City Hospital, followed next by Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Holden and Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Toben. Only 36 couples took part in the march but as soon as the waltz, the second number on the order of dances, was called the floor was crowded with dancers who enjoyed themselves until four o'clock this morning. That the music played by the orchestra met the popular favor was evident from the encores that were demanded after nearly every dance.

At intermission at 11 o'clock supper was served in the Ladies' hall, Gordon block, by the Ladies' Aid of the hospital and a large number of the dancers enjoyed an excellent repast, the menu for which was as follows: iced coffee, garkins, stuffed Vermont turkey, boiled ham southern style, jelly, mashed potatoes, French peas, cabbage salad, cream dressing, hot rolls, vanilla ice cream, oranges, bananas, grapes, assorted cake, coffee. The firemen's club committee, which had the ball in charge were as follows: committee of arrangements, C. N. Tilden, W. H. Holden, C. O. Averill, C. R. Gladding, W. E. Beck, H